Implementation plan for the Turkish Energy Exchange (TEE)

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September 2012

Turkey has the prerequisites to become an energy hub that links supply and demand – this potential has yet to be realized fully



Rationale for an energy exchange: increasing security of supply, establishing a market price and enabling risk management



Energy is a commodity that is be traded over an exchange – but there are physical restrictions which need to be considered

	Energy Exchange	Stock Exchange
Characteristics	 Energy is a commodity 	 Stocks are financial instruments and part of the financial sector
Purpose	 Providing environment for security of supply (of electricity and gas) Sending signals for long-term investments (into generation) Short-term portfolio optimization Risk management 	 Hedging and risk management Speculation
Pricing	 Commodity prices are related to the physical side of the commodity like production, consumption, transportation Price formation/price impacts are different High volatility compared to financial markets – non-storability of electricity 	 Stock prices are impacted by general economic situation (i.e. Euro, Financial crisis etc.) on one hand and the companies situation on the other hand. Price formation depends on general economic situation or company related accidents.
Market operation	 When it comes to intraday markets, 24/7 operation is necessary 	 Market opening follows usual business hours
Market participants	 Energy suppliers & municipal utilities System operators for grid balancing Energy trading companies Industry Financials 	 Predominantly financial players: Banks Investment & hedge funds

Energy is a commodity that is be traded over an exchange – but there are physical restrictions which need to be considered

	Energy Exchange	Stock Exchange							
Supervision	 Energy trading is supervised by energy regulators (spot) and only partially by financial market supervision (derivatives) Spot and physical markets are not within the scope of banking supervision Product introduction rules and market behavior rules like insider dealing or market manipulation differ 	 Stock trading is part of financial supervision 							
Clearing	 Financial + physical settlement Physical settlement of electricity: Clearing House (CH) interacts with TSO in terms of physical delivery of electricity (sends nominations) CH acts as a Balance responsible party – on behalf of its participants Storage and delays impossible VAT is applied on physical deliveries Adaption of Clearing Process to Clearing Member requirements 	 Financial settlement Delivery e.g. Stocks, Cash Always through banks Delivery into accounts Storage possible Delays possible 							

Electricity markets are special – the very nature of electricity requires a particular market model to allow for a liquid market

- > Electricity can not be stored and is generated and consumed instantly.
- > High volatility compared to other (commodity) markets.
- > Very elastic supply (through increase of renewable energy) and non-elastic demand. Instantaneous balancing of supply and demand by system operator leads to 24/7 operation of spot markets.
- There is no chance of "late delivery" for physical delivery of electricity. Power exchange interacts with system operator in terms of physical settlement of electricity and acts as a market player – as a balance responsible party – on behalf of its participants.
- > Capacity constraints in transmission; the network as a "market". Power exchange as a central element of energy market – best suitable to organize efficient use of limited existing cross-border interconnectors.

Complexity of electricity market requires a robust and sophisticated infrastructure and applications

- > Continuous 24/7 trading is required to optimize the efficiency of procurement/sales of electricity and trading portfolio of market participants
- > Closer-to-real-time tools (e.g. continuous intra-day market systems) are very demanding in terms of reliability, connectivity and transactional speed and critical for:
 - Integration of renewable energy at the exchange
 - Changes in balancing mechanism
 - Treatment of different price zones
- > Post-trade infrastructure (e.g. nomination process) requires know-how and experience of interacting with physical players as system/hub operator
- > A robust infrastructure and applications provides the flexibility and agility to respond to regulatory and technology changes in market place (e.g. position reporting for energy transactions, reporting to trade depositary as required by upcoming energy regulation)

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Concept: Future organizational market structure showing the three major functions of balancing, present and future trading



* This structure is the result of the consultations of the Turkish Energy Industry within Istanbul Trader Meeting effort which was also coordinated with Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources; and other stakeholders (Treasury, CMB, Ministry of Development, Ministry of Finance)

Turkish energy exchange implementation project: Project Organization



Turkish energy exchange implementation project: Project Plan Timeline

		2012			2013				2	014
	Sep	Oct Nov Dez	Jan Feb	Mrz Apr	Mai Jun Jul A	ug Sep	Okt Nov Dez	Jan Feb	Mrz Apr Mai	i Jun Jul Aug Sep Okt
WS 1 - Establishment of EPIAS		24 W								
WS 1.1 Legislation										
WS 1.2 - Governance										
WS 1.3 - IT infrastructure										
WS 2 - Launch of spot market within EPİAŞ										
WS 2.1 - Day-ahead Market (DAM)			10	6 W	Test					
WS 2.1 - Intra-day market (IDM)				28 W	/					
WS 2.3 - Harmonization of systems necessary for						C	ontinuous proc	ess in clo	se coordinatio	on with legislation on
integration with neighbouring countries							mark	et coupli	ng and market	feedback
WS 3 - Launch of derivatives market within EPİAŞ										
WS 3.1 - Electricity derivatives market					3	6 W		Test		
WS 4 - Clearing & Surveillance process				_						
WS 4.1 - Clearing Process				Conti	nuous process in	i close c	oordination			
WS 4.2 - Implementation of Market Surveillance				Cont	inuous process					
WS 5 - Gas, carbon and renewable markets										
WS - 5.1 Preparation of roadmap for										
gas, carbon and green market										
products/projects									12 W	
	E	Electricity Marke passed & EPI, structure fixed time for a le consulting cont	t Law ame AS shareh earliest p gally bind rract with I	endment nolder point in ing EPIAS						

TEE implementation plan – workstream 1 'Establishment of EPIAS'

Workstream leaders: Name, TEIAS; Name, ETD; Name, EEX; Name, MoEN; Name, EMRA

		2012	2			2	013			2014	
	Sep	Oct N	ov Dez	Jan Feb	Mrz Ap	r Mai Jun	Jul Aug Sep	Okt Nov Dez	Jan Feb Mrz	Apr Mai Jun	Jul Aug Sep Okt
WS 1 - Establishment of EPIAS			24 W								
WS 1.1 - Legislation											
Analysis regarding legislation in force	1										
Development of related secondary legislation and	I										
principles/procedures regarding wholesale electricity											
markets to be operated by EPIAS											
Legislation for effective market coupling											
WS 1.2 - Governance											
Identification of best practices											
Mission and vision of the company											
Business plan and business model											
Objectives & field of activities											
Process design											
Shareholder & organisational structure	.										
Roles and responsibilities of departments	.										
Coordination & integration with third parties	.										
Drafting Articles of Association (AoA) and market											
rules regarding EPIAS	.										
Meeting with stakeholders, presentation AoA,											
finalizing AoA after their feedback	.										
Transfer of contracts/assets/staff from TEIAS to EPIAS											
Implementation of Customer Board, which will											
represent trading participants and discuss product											
development (recommended)											
WS 1.3 - IT infrastructure											
Analysis regarding existing IT-infrastructure											
Technical and functional design of IT-infrastructure to											
be used, considering:]										
- day ahead market and intraday market											
 clearing & settlement of DAM, Intraday and 											
Imbalances	.										
market coupling											
Integration with other systems	•										

Workstream 1 priority work: Proposal for discussion

Торіс	Governance		IT infrastructure
	Shareholder structure/ roles & responsibilities		Technical & functional design of IT infrastructure
Proposal	Please compare to organizational setup on slide eight.		Existing IT Infrastructure of TEIAS / PMUM should be analyzed in detail and international best
	The shareholding structure should reflect the contributions and commitments of the shareholders. With this idea in mind, a shareholding structure is proposed below.		 practices from EEX should also be leveraged. The technical & functional design criteria should include: •To leverage the existing Market Operation related IT investments and experience of TEIAŞ for to the most possible extent.
	Shareholder	Share (%)	 To benefit from the experience of EEX in international market operations.
	TEIAȘ		•To be compatible with existing systems developed
	ТОВВ		by market participants to minimize additional
	İstanbul Stock Exchange		•To be compatible with international marketplaces
	TURKDEX		in order to facilitate easy entry of new players.
	Takasbank		•To be expandable in order to accommodate a regional market
	EEX		
	Selected power and trading companies		

TEE implementation plan – workstream 2 'spot market'

Workstream leaders: Name, TEIAS; Name, ETD; Name, EEX; Name, MoEN

	2012	2013		2014
	Sep Oct Nov Dez	Jan Feb Mrz Apr Mai Jun Jul	Aug Sep Okt Nov Dez	Jan Feb Mrz Apr Mai Jun Jul Aug Sep Okt
WS 2 - Launch of spot market within EPIA\$				
WS 2.1 - Day-ahead Market (DAM)		16 W Test		
Amendment/development_of_secondary				
legislation for spot market if necessary				
Liaison with MoEN, EMRA, TEIAS, EPIAS				
Integration of the software and hardware				
infrastructure considering local market rules and				
international standards				
Joint workshops with market participants and ETD				
with regards to design of spot products				
Preparation user manuals regarding spot market				
Development of services:				
Control of publication of DA price with protection				
Continuing broadcasting market results via sms, ftp				
server, market data vendors				
Traders training and certification				
Transparency platform if required				
WS 2.2 - Launch of Intra-day market		28 W		
Farmonization of systems with interational				
standards to get prepared for Intra-day (also cross-				
border Intra-day) after the investigation of current				
studies				
WS 2.3 - Harmonization of systems necessary for			Continuous pro	cess in close coordination with legislation on
integration with neighbouring countries			mark	ket coupling and market feedback
Launch of market coupling of spot markets				

Workstream 2 priority work: Proposal for discussion

Торіс	Day-ahead-market	Intraday market
	Necessary secondary legislation	Harmonization of systems with international standards
Proposal	 Licensing Regulation to be revised by EMRA: to include licensing of EPIAŞ Tariffs Regulation to be revised by EMRA: to include system operation fee/tariff of EPIAŞ Transparency Regulation by EMRA: to cover data collection and publishing issues and related communiqués and market participant agreements Revision of current BSR by EMRA: to fit the current design into EPIAŞ 	A continuous Intraday market (IDM) is a natural next step after the day- ahead market with standardized features facilitating its integration with neighboring markets, including the European market IDM is a close-to-real-time tool to optimize market participants' portfolios. Its importance is more and more high-lighted, especially with growing renewables.
	Products, procedures, agreements and rules to be defined by EPIAŞ	introduced Flexible instruments required Decrease of operational risks important: For members For EPIAS

TEE implementation plan – workstream 3 'derivatives market'

Workstream leaders: Name, TEIAS; Name, ETD; Name, EEX; Name, MoEN

	1	2012	2013				2014											
	Sep	Oct Nov	Dez .	Jan Fek) Mrz	Apr Mai	Jun Ju	l Aug Sep	0kt	Nov Dez	Jan	Feb	Mrz /	Apr 🛚	∕lai Ju	n Jul	Aug	Sep Okt
WS 3 - Launch of derivatives market within EPİAŞ																		
WS 3.1-Launch of derivatives market within EPIAS								36 W			Te	st						
Amendment/development of secondary																		
legislation for derivatives market																		
Liaison with MoEN, CMB, EMRA, TEIAS, EPIAS																		
Integration of the software and hardware	l																	
infrastructure considering local market rules and	l																	
international standards																		
Joint workshops with market participants & ETD																		
regarding design of derivatives products																		
Preparation user manuals regarding derivatives																		
Development of services:																		
Continuing broadcasting market results via sms ftp																		
server, market data vendors																		
Traders training and certification																		
Information products																		

Workstream 3 priority work: Proposal for discussion

Торіс	Derivatives market
	Necessary secondary legislation
Proposal	 CMB to define; Rules and procedures for issuance of permit to operate, Duties, obligations and basic operating principles of the exchange (current Turkdex legislation to be amended or repealed) Regulatory link between CMB and the exchange (reporting, surveillence, etc) Products, procedures, agreements and rules to be defined by EPİAŞ

TEE implementation plan – workstream 4 'clearing and surveillance process'

Workstream leaders: Name, TAKASBANK; Name, TEIAS; Name, ETD; Name, EEX; Name, MoEN

	_	2012	 		2013				201	4
	Sep	Oct Nov De:	z Jan Fel	b Mrz Apr M	/lai Jun Jul A	ug Sep Okt No	v Dez	Jan Feb Mrz	Apr Mai .	un Jul Aug Sep Ol
WS 4 - Clearing & Surveillance process										
WS 4.1 - Launch of Clearing process				Continu	ious process ir	n close coordina	tion			
Coordination and integration with third parties										
(Takasbank, TEIAS, ECC)	l									
Analysis collaterals and payment system in use	İ									
Identification of improvement points for										
standardization of the system for spot (day										
ahead & intraday) and derivatives markets										
Decision on clearing model: roles,										
responsibilities and interactions										
Definition of clearing house processes										
Implementation of clearing house processes										
Integration of IT infrastructure considering local										
market rules and process of physical delivery										
Preparation user manuals regarding clearing										
WS 4.2 Implementation of market surveillance				Continuous	process					
Detailed study regarding matket surveillance										
activities (best cases)										
Analysis necessary reports and statistical										
indicators to be used and assistance in										
development of these reports Close coordination with supervisory authorities										
(EMRA;CMB)										

Workstream 4 priority work: Proposal for discussion

Торіс	Clearing process							
	Clearing model, roles & responsibilities							
Proposal	Takasbank is the clearing house for the Turkish m reviewed and improved with the support of ECC. T a link to the Turkish market and can maintain posit costs.	arket. Operational and physical services will be This setup ensures that existing clients of ECC have tions in the Turkish market at lower transaction						
	Generally, the Clearing House organizes clearing OTC-Clearing for bilateral deals. To facilitate physical delivery of electricity, Clearing	enerally, the Clearing House organizes clearing of all transactions concluded on EPIAS and offers TC-Clearing for bilateral deals. a facilitate physical delivery of electricity, Clearing House interacts with TEIAS.						
	Clearing Processes							
	 Transaction registration Settlement prices Trade & Position Management Market-to-market valuation Handling physical delivery Payments organization Clearing fees & Invoicing 	 Margin requirement Collateral Risk control Treasury management Admission services Regulatory reporting Systems & Help Desk 						

TEE implementation plan – workstream 5 'Gas, carbon and renewable markets'

Workstream leaders: Name, TAKASBANK; Name, TEIAS; Name, ETD; Name, EEX; Name, MoEN

	2012	2013		20	14
	Sep Oct Nov Dez	Jan Feb Mrz Apr Mai Jun Jul Aug Sep Okt Nov Dez	Jan Feb	Mrz Apr Mai	Jun Jul Aug Sep Okt
WS 5 - Gas, carbon and renewable markets				12 W	
WS - 5.1 Preparation of roadmap for gas, carbon					
end green market products/projects					